## Safe Work Method Statement – SWMS 8216

This safe work method statement is generic in nature. It documents the risks and hazards associated with each step of a task and the control measures in place to minimise the risk to personnel, members of the public, environment, and property. This SWMS forms part of the consultation process at site and needs to be reviewed against site conditions in order for it become site specific. Where site conditions prevent works to be carried out in accordance with this SWMS than another is to be written and Site Supervisor notified.

Name of PCBU/Employer		Bay Building	Name of Principal Contractor	Bay Building	
Work Activity:		Window Installation	Work Location:	As Specified in Purchase Order	
High Risk Construction Work:		Hazards : Work at Heights, Scaffold, Mobile Equipment, Electrocution, Manual Handling	Date	01/06/2023	
			Emergency Contact:	Contact Number	
Have workers been consulted about the SWMS?		All workers are required to be consulted with regards to the SWMS and control measures contained in the SWMS.			
Person Responsible for ensuring compliance with SWMS		Different PCBU's/Employers and Contractors will encounter different High Risk activities. All PCBU's/Employers are responsible for reviewing this SWMS against site conditions and ensure work occurs in accordance with the SWMS.			
Person(s) Responsible (for reviewing the SWMS)		PCBU's/Employers should review this SWMS and apply the control measures outlined for the various High Risk activities that they may undertake. Where works can not occur in accordance with the SWMS contact is to be made with the Site Supervisor			
Work Step	Hazard for Works	Control Measures for the Hazards			
Pre-Start Check at Site	Site hazards may impair works	with the SWMS. Discuss site specific works with the S for site specific hazards Ensure all employees/workers are m If SWMS are to be changed site supe Construction Inducted employees an Only certified and/or licensed persor	Site Supervisor reviewing s nade aware of any site spec ervisor is to be notified nd contractors are only allo nnel are to operate mobile nd contractors are only allo tripping device verifying w re up to date.	wed to undertake construction works equipment wed to undertake construction works rorking condition if using power	

Unloading Equipment	Fall from vehicle Manual handling injury's Being struck by equipment Crush hands Cuts Slips, trips & falls	Training employees in manual handling Team lifting Unload window on level clear area If using hiab crane to unload windows ensure crane does not penetrate no-go zone around power lines. Engage a spotter if within 3m of lines	
Lifting moving windows	Crush hands, cuts Slips, trips & falls	Sharing the load and using the correct lifting techniques are to be carried out to prevent back injuries. Mechanical aid shall be used to lift materials to upper levels. Qualified crane drivers and dogmen to raise and direct windows into position if required.	
Fixing windows from external position	Fall from height Internal falls	All work over 2 metres must be carried out with the use of scissor lift or boom. Safety harness to be worn when in boom. All plant must undergo pre start up inspection. Window opening guard rail is only to be removed when the window has been installed. Safety harness can be used when it can effectively be anchored.	
Fitting windows internally 2m		If scaffolding, external guard railing or perimeter screens are fitted, windows can be installed internally with no risk of a fall. If temporary handrails are fitted to window openings that need to be removed prior to the installation of windows, a travel restraint system (harness) is to be used. The lanyard is to be connected to a suitable anchorage point or static line. The lanyard is to be set up in a way that will prevent the worker from going beyond the unprotected edge. When harnesses are used, there should be at least one person on site who has been trained and can rescue the harnessed worker in case they do go over the edge. There should also be a spotter or partner with them so that if they go over the edge, the rescue plan can be put into immediate effect and minimise the effect of suspension trauma.	
	Public/trades walking under plant or installation	Area below to be isolated with bollards and/or parawebbing to prevent access. Traffic controller may be required if working in the street.	